



Acta Crystallographica Section E

Structure Reports

Online

ISSN 1600-5368

N-(2-Bromophenyl)-2-(naphthalen-1-yl)-acetamide

Hoong-Kun Fun,^a* + Ching Kheng Quah,^a § Prakash S. Nayak,^b B. Narayana^b and B. K. Sarojini^c

^aX-ray Crystallography Unit, School of Physics, Universiti Sains Malaysia, 11800 USM, Penang, Malaysia, ^bDepartment of Studies in Chemistry, Mangalore University, Mangalagangotri 574 199, India, and ^cDepartment of Chemistry, P.A. College of Engineering, Nadupadavu, Mangalore 574 153, India Correspondence e-mail: hkfun@usm.my

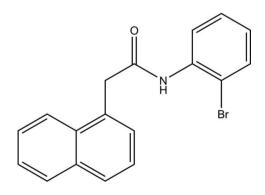
Received 31 July 2012; accepted 2 August 2012

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 100 K; mean $\sigma(C-C) = 0.004 \text{ Å}$; R factor = 0.029; wR factor = 0.061; data-to-parameter ratio = 19.8.

In the title compound, $C_{18}H_{14}BrNO$, the naphthalene ring system [maximum deviation = 0.015 (3) Å] forms a dihedral angle of 67.70 (10)° with the benzene ring. In the crystal, molecules are linked by $N-H\cdots O$ hydrogen bonds into C(4) chains propagating in [100]. A $C-H\cdots O$ interaction reinforces the chain connectivity, generating an $R_2^1(6)$ loop.

Related literature

For general background to and related structures of the title compound, see: Fun *et al.* (2010, 2011*a,b*, 2012). For the stability of the temperature controller used for the data collection, see: Cosier & Glazer (1986). For hydrogen-bond motifs, see: Bernstein *et al.* (1995).



Experimental

Crystal data

 $C_{18}H_{14}BrNO$ $M_r = 340.21$ Orthorhombic, $P2_12_12_1$ a = 4.7603 (1) Å b = 11.4614 (3) Å c = 26.6255 (6) Å $V = 1452.68 (6) \text{ Å}^3$ Z = 4 Mo $K\alpha$ radiation $\mu = 2.83 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 100 K $0.32 \times 0.16 \times 0.13 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD diffractometer Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2009) $T_{\min} = 0.463$, $T_{\max} = 0.719$

16642 measured reflections 3864 independent reflections 3516 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{\rm int} = 0.031$

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.029$ $wR(F^2) = 0.061$ S = 1.03 3864 reflections 195 parameters H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement $\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.63 \ {\rm e \ \mathring{A}^{-3}}$ $\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.33 \ {\rm e \ \mathring{A}^{-3}}$ Absolute structure: Flack (1983), 1587 Friedel pairs Flack parameter: 0.001 (8)

Table 1Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

D-H··· A	$D-\mathrm{H}$	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D-\mathrm{H}\cdots A$
$ \begin{array}{c} N1 - H1N1 \cdots O1^{i} \\ C11 - H11A \cdots O1^{i} \end{array} $	0.86 (3)	2.03 (3)	2.855 (3)	163 (2)
	0.99	2.55	3.279 (3)	130

Symmetry code: (i) x - 1, y, z.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2009); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2009); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXTL*; molecular graphics: *SHELXTL*; software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL* and *PLATON* (Spek, 2009).

The authors thank Universiti Sains Malaysia (USM) for the Research University Grant (No. 1001/PFIZIK/811160). BN also thanks UGC, New Delhi, and the Government of India for the purchase of chemicals through the SAP-DRS-Phase 1 programme.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HB6923).

References

Bernstein, J., Davis, R. E., Shimoni, L. & Chang, N.-L. (1995). *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. Engl.* **34**, 1555–1573.

Bruker (2009). APEX2, SAINT and SADABS. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.

Cosier, J. & Glazer, A. M. (1986). J. Appl. Cryst. 19, 105-107.

Flack, H. D. (1983). Acta Cryst. A39, 876-881.

Fun, H.-K., Quah, C. K., Narayana, B., Nayak, P. S. & Sarojini, B. K. (2011a). Acta Cryst. E67, o2926–o2927.

Fun, H.-K., Quah, C. K., Narayana, B., Nayak, P. S. & Sarojini, B. K. (2011b). Acta Cryst. E67, o2941–o2942.

Fun, H.-K., Quah, C. K., Nayak, P. S., Narayana, B. & Sarojini, B. K. (2012). Acta Cryst. E68, o1385.

Fun, H.-K., Quah, C. K., Vijesh, A. M., Malladi, S. & Isloor, A. M. (2010). Acta Cryst. E66, 029–030.

Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). Acta Cryst. A64, 112-122.

Spek, A. L. (2009). Acta Cryst. D65, 148-155.

[‡] Thomson Reuters ResearcherID: A-3561-2009.

[§] Thomson Reuters ResearcherID: A-5525-2009.

Acta Cryst. (2012). E68, o2657 [doi:10.1107/S1600536812034423]

N-(2-Bromophenyl)-2-(naphthalen-1-yl)acetamide

Hoong-Kun Fun, Ching Kheng Quah, Prakash S. Nayak, B. Narayana and B. K. Sarojini

Comment

In continuation of our work on synthesis of amides (Fun *et al.*, 2010, 2011*a*, 2011*b*, 2012), we report herein the crystal structure of the title compound.

The molecular structure is shown in Fig. 1. Bond lengths are comparable to related structures (Fun *et al.*, 2010, 2011*a*, 2011*b*, 2012). The naphthalene ring system (C1-C10, maximum deviation of 0.015 (3) Å at atom C9) forms a dihedral angle of 67.70 (10)° with the benzene ring (C13-C18).

In the crystal structure, Fig. 2, molecules are linked *via* N1–H1N1···O1 and C11–H11A···O1 hydrogen bonds (Table 1) into one-dimensional [100] chains which contain R_2^1 (6) ring motifs (Bernstein *et al.*, 1995).

Experimental

1-Naphthaleneacetic acid (0.186 g, 1 mmol), 2-bromoaniline (0.1 ml, 1 mmol) and 1-ethyl-3-(3-dimethylaminopropyl)-carbodiimide hydrochloride (1.0 g, 0.01 mol) were dissolved in dichloromethane (20 ml). The mixture was stirred in presence of triethylamine at 273 K for about 3 h. The contents were poured into 100 ml of ice-cold aqueous hydrochloric acid with stirring. The concotion was then extracted thrice with dichloromethane. The organic layer was washed with saturated NaHCO₃ solution and brine solution, dried and concentrated under reduced pressure to give the title compound. Colourless blocks were grown from toluene solution by the slow evaporation method (*m.p.*: 421K).

Refinement

Atom H1N1 was located in a difference Fourier map and refined freely [N–H = 0.86 (3) Å]. The remaining H atoms were positioned geometrically and refined using a riding model with C–H = 0.95 or 0.99 Å and $U_{iso}(H) = 1.2 \ U_{eq}(C)$. The reported Flack parameter was obtained by TWIN/BASF procedure in *SHELXL* (Sheldrick, 2008).

Computing details

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2009); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2009); data reduction: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2009); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008) and *PLATON* (Spek, 2009).

Acta Cryst. (2012). E68, o2657 Sup-1

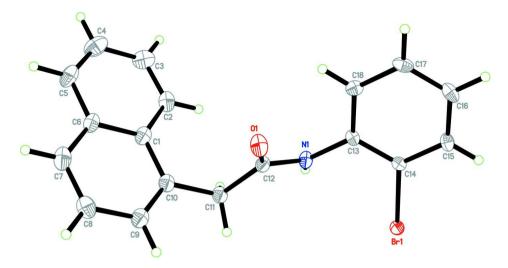


Figure 1The molecular structure of the title compound showing 40% probability displacement ellipsoids for non-H atoms.

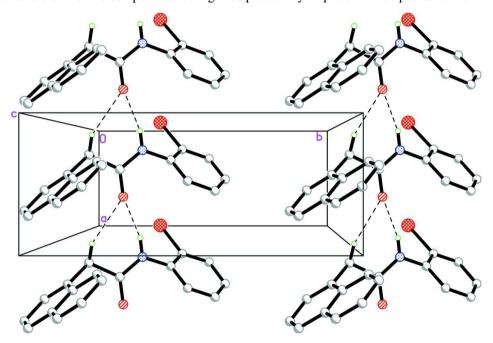


Figure 2

The crystal structure of the title compound, viewed along the c axis. H atoms not involved in hydrogen bonds (dashed lines) have been omitted for clarity.

N-(2-Bromophenyl)-2-(naphthalen-1-yl)acetamide

 $\begin{array}{lll} \textit{Crystal data} \\ & C_{18} H_{14} \text{BrNO} & c = 26.6255 \ (6) \ \text{Å} \\ & M_r = 340.21 & V = 1452.68 \ (6) \ \text{Å}^3 \\ & \text{Orthorhombic, } P2_1 2_1 2_1 & Z = 4 \\ & \text{Hall symbol: P 2ac 2ab} & F(000) = 688 \\ & a = 4.7603 \ (1) \ \text{Å} & D_x = 1.556 \ \text{Mg m}^{-3} \\ & b = 11.4614 \ (3) \ \text{Å} & \text{Mo } \textit{Ka} \ \text{radiation, } \lambda = 0.71073 \ \text{Å} \end{array}$

Acta Cryst. (2012). E68, o2657 Sup-2

Cell parameters from 8019 reflections

 $\theta = 2.3 - 30.8^{\circ}$

 $\mu = 2.83 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEXII CCD

diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Graphite monochromator

 φ and ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(SADABS; Bruker, 2009)

 $T_{\min} = 0.463, T_{\max} = 0.719$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2

Least-squares matrix: full

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.029$

 $wR(F^2) = 0.061$

S = 1.03

3864 reflections

195 parameters

0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant

direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier

map

T = 100 KBlock, colourless

 $0.32 \times 0.16 \times 0.13 \text{ mm}$

16642 measured reflections 3864 independent reflections

3516 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.031$

 $\theta_{\text{max}} = 29.0^{\circ}, \, \theta_{\text{min}} = 1.5^{\circ}$

 $h = -6 \rightarrow 6$

 $k = -15 \rightarrow 15$

 $l = -36 \rightarrow 36$

Hydrogen site location: inferred from

neighbouring sites

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent

and constrained refinement

 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_0^2) + (0.0272P)^2 + 0.2223P]$

where $P = (F_0^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$

 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\text{max}} = 0.001$

 $\Delta \rho_{\text{max}} = 0.63 \text{ e Å}^{-3}$

 $\Delta \rho_{\min} = -0.33 \text{ e Å}^{-3}$

Absolute structure: Flack (1983), 1587 Friedel

pairs

Flack parameter: 0.001 (8)

Special details

Experimental. The crystal was placed in the cold stream of an Oxford Cryosystems Cobra open-flow nitrogen cryostat (Cosier & Glazer, 1986) operating at 100.0 (1) K.

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F² against ALL reflections. The weighted R-factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F², conventional R-factors R are based on F, with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > 2$ sigma(F^2) is used only for calculating R-factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R-factors based on F² are statistically about twice as large as those based on F, and R- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (A^2)

	X	У	Z	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	
Br1	0.44680 (5)	0.197949 (18)	0.766005 (8)	0.01881 (6)	
O1	1.1551 (4)	0.32404 (15)	0.64580 (7)	0.0288 (4)	
N1	0.7212 (5)	0.25292 (18)	0.66352 (8)	0.0205 (4)	
C1	0.9798 (6)	0.4924(2)	0.54712 (8)	0.0243 (5)	
C2	0.8336 (6)	0.3968 (2)	0.52540 (10)	0.0290 (6)	
H2A	0.7122	0.3512	0.5458	0.035*	
C3	0.8643 (7)	0.3692(3)	0.47576 (10)	0.0362 (7)	
H3A	0.7616	0.3060	0.4618	0.043*	
C4	1.0465 (8)	0.4340(3)	0.44572 (10)	0.0404 (7)	
H4A	1.0702	0.4133	0.4114	0.048*	

sup-3 Acta Cryst. (2012). E68, o2657

C5	1.1896 (7)	0.5257 (3)	0.46455 (10)	0.0342 (7)
H5A	1.3099	0.5691	0.4431	0.041*
C6	1.1646 (6)	0.5586 (2)	0.51556 (9)	0.0254 (5)
C7	1.3132 (7)	0.6544 (2)	0.53578 (11)	0.0327 (6)
H7A	1.4370	0.6981	0.5151	0.039*
C8	1.2791 (6)	0.6844 (2)	0.58521 (10)	0.0318 (6)
H8A	1.3788	0.7488	0.5989	0.038*
C9	1.0935 (6)	0.6184 (2)	0.61591 (9)	0.0274 (6)
H9A	1.0688	0.6408	0.6500	0.033*
C10	0.9508 (6)	0.52492 (19)	0.59833 (8)	0.0237 (5)
C11	0.7656 (6)	0.45304 (19)	0.63269 (9)	0.0238 (5)
H11A	0.5846	0.4374	0.6156	0.029*
H11B	0.7254	0.4984	0.6635	0.029*
C12	0.9006 (6)	0.3379 (2)	0.64713 (8)	0.0211 (6)
C13	0.8129 (5)	0.14552 (19)	0.68404 (8)	0.0169 (5)
C14	0.7098 (5)	0.10589 (17)	0.73006 (8)	0.0159 (4)
C15	0.7974 (5)	0.00074 (19)	0.75029 (8)	0.0202 (5)
H15A	0.7212	-0.0260	0.7812	0.024*
C16	0.9963 (5)	-0.06519 (18)	0.72528 (8)	0.0244 (6)
H16A	1.0604	-0.1365	0.7394	0.029*
C17	1.1024 (5)	-0.0273 (2)	0.67953 (9)	0.0240 (6)
H17A	1.2386	-0.0729	0.6623	0.029*
C18	1.0100 (5)	0.07691 (19)	0.65886 (8)	0.0207 (5)
H18A	1.0815	0.1018	0.6273	0.025*
H1N1	0.543 (6)	0.261 (2)	0.6612 (8)	0.015 (6)*

Atomic displacement parameters (\mathring{A}^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
Br1	0.01624 (11)	0.01879 (9)	0.02138 (9)	0.00023 (10)	0.00331 (10)	0.00085 (8)
O1	0.0139 (9)	0.0299 (10)	0.0427 (10)	0.0035 (8)	0.0034 (9)	0.0116 (8)
N1	0.0126 (11)	0.0246 (10)	0.0244 (9)	0.0045 (9)	0.0025 (10)	0.0081 (8)
C1	0.0171 (14)	0.0310(11)	0.0249 (10)	0.0080 (11)	-0.0005 (11)	0.0072 (9)
C2	0.0178 (13)	0.0312 (13)	0.0380 (14)	0.0009 (12)	-0.0006(13)	0.0094 (11)
C3	0.0269 (17)	0.0460 (16)	0.0359 (14)	0.0036 (14)	-0.0049(13)	-0.0062(12)
C4	0.0273 (15)	0.0627 (19)	0.0312 (12)	0.0067 (18)	0.0001 (15)	-0.0022 (12)
C5	0.0229 (15)	0.0514 (17)	0.0282 (13)	0.0013 (14)	0.0047 (13)	0.0095 (12)
C6	0.0188 (13)	0.0313 (13)	0.0261 (11)	0.0052 (12)	0.0023 (12)	0.0084 (10)
C7	0.0226 (15)	0.0352 (13)	0.0404 (14)	0.0043 (13)	0.0041 (13)	0.0134 (11)
C8	0.0249 (15)	0.0285 (14)	0.0419 (14)	-0.0021(13)	-0.0034(12)	0.0033 (11)
C9	0.0242 (17)	0.0307 (12)	0.0271 (11)	0.0073 (12)	0.0011 (12)	0.0060 (9)
C10	0.0189 (12)	0.0245 (11)	0.0278 (10)	0.0071 (12)	0.0013 (13)	0.0058 (8)
C11	0.0214 (15)	0.0234 (11)	0.0264 (11)	0.0057 (11)	0.0021 (11)	0.0045 (9)
C12	0.0202 (16)	0.0237 (11)	0.0195 (10)	0.0030 (10)	0.0020 (11)	0.0028 (8)
C13	0.0116 (12)	0.0168 (10)	0.0222 (10)	-0.0002(9)	-0.0031 (10)	0.0016 (8)
C14	0.0123 (11)	0.0158 (9)	0.0197 (9)	-0.0006 (8)	-0.0020 (11)	-0.0013 (8)
C15	0.0157 (12)	0.0187 (10)	0.0262 (10)	-0.0041 (10)	-0.0027 (10)	0.0052 (8)
C16	0.0170 (15)	0.0169 (10)	0.0393 (13)	-0.0006(9)	-0.0036 (12)	0.0034(8)
C17	0.0140 (15)	0.0231 (11)	0.0349 (12)	0.0026 (10)	-0.0006 (11)	-0.0088 (9)
C18	0.0146 (15)	0.0267 (11)	0.0210 (9)	0.0031 (10)	-0.0019 (10)	-0.0022(8)

Acta Cryst. (2012). E68, o2657

Geometric	parameters	(Å.	0)
Geometric	parameters	(A,	,

Geometric parameters (A,)			
Br1—C14	1.896 (2)	C8—C9	1.422 (4)
O1—C12	1.223 (3)	C8—H8A	0.9500
N1—C12	1.367 (3)	C9—C10	1.352 (4)
N1—C13	1.416 (3)	C9—H9A	0.9500
N1—H1N1	0.86 (3)	C10—C11	1.514(3)
C1—C10	1.420 (3)	C11—C12	1.517 (3)
C1—C2	1.421 (4)	C11—H11A	0.9900
C1—C6	1.434 (3)	C11—H11B	0.9900
C2—C3	1.367 (4)	C13—C18	1.396 (3)
C2—H2A	0.9500	C13—C14	1.396 (3)
C3—C4	1.394 (4)	C14—C15	1.384 (3)
C3—H3A	0.9500	C15—C16	1.382 (3)
C4—C5	1.349 (4)	C15—H15A	0.9500
C4—H4A	0.9500	C16—C17	1.388 (3)
C5—C6	1.415 (4)	C16—H16A	0.9500
C5—H5A	0.9500	C17—C18	1.386 (3)
C6—C7	1.412 (4)	C17—H17A	0.9500
C7—C8	1.370 (4)	C18—H18A	0.9500
C7—H7A	0.9500		
C12—N1—C13	123.4 (2)	C9—C10—C1	119.4 (2)
C12—N1—H1N1	121.0 (16)	C9—C10—C11	121.0 (2)
C13—N1—H1N1	115.6 (16)	C1—C10—C11	119.6 (2)
C10—C1—C2	123.1 (2)	C10—C11—C12	112.3 (2)
C10—C1—C6	118.9 (2)	C10—C11—H11A	109.1
C2—C1—C6	118.0 (2)	C12—C11—H11A	109.1
C3—C2—C1	121.3 (3)	C10—C11—H11B	109.1
C3—C2—H2A	119.3	C12—C11—H11B	109.1
C1—C2—H2A	119.3	H11A—C11—H11B	107.9
C2—C3—C4	119.9 (3)	O1—C12—N1	122.4 (2)
C2—C3—H3A	120.1	O1—C12—C11	121.7 (2)
C4—C3—H3A	120.1	N1—C12—C11	115.8 (2)
C5—C4—C3	121.0 (3)	C18—C13—C14	118.3 (2)
C5—C4—H4A	119.5	C18—C13—N1	120.8 (2)
C3—C4—H4A	119.5	C14—C13—N1	120.9 (2)
C4—C5—C6	121.5 (3)	C15—C14—C13	121.2 (2)
C4—C5—H5A	119.3	C15—C14—Br1	119.14 (17)
C6—C5—H5A	119.3	C13—C14—Br1	119.61 (16)
C7—C6—C5	122.1 (2)	C16—C15—C14	119.7 (2)
C7—C6—C1	119.7 (2)	C16—C15—H15A	120.2
C5—C6—C1	118.2 (2)	C14—C15—H15A	120.2
C8—C7—C6	120.1 (3)	C15—C16—C17	120.1 (2)
C8—C7—H7A	119.9	C15—C16—H16A	120.0
C6—C7—H7A	119.9	C17—C16—H16A	120.0
C7—C8—C9	119.5 (3)	C18—C17—C16	120.2 (2)
C7—C8—H8A	120.2	C18—C17—H17A	119.9
C9—C8—H8A	120.2	C16—C17—H17A	119.9
C10—C9—C8	122.3 (2)	C17—C18—C13	120.5 (2)
			• •

Acta Cryst. (2012). E**68**, o2657

C10—C9—H9A	118.8	C17—C18—H18A	119.7
C8—C9—H9A	118.8	C13—C18—H18A	119.7
C10—C1—C2—C3	179.1 (3)	C6—C1—C10—C11	-177.6 (2)
C6—C1—C2—C3	-0.9(4)	C9—C10—C11—C12	-104.1 (3)
C1—C2—C3—C4	1.4 (4)	C1—C10—C11—C12	74.6 (3)
C2—C3—C4—C5	-1.5(5)	C13—N1—C12—O1	5.2 (4)
C3—C4—C5—C6	1.1 (5)	C13—N1—C12—C11	-172.3 (2)
C4—C5—C6—C7	-180.0(3)	C10—C11—C12—O1	23.2 (3)
C4—C5—C6—C1	-0.6(4)	C10—C11—C12—N1	-159.3 (2)
C10—C1—C6—C7	-0.1(4)	C12—N1—C13—C18	-50.8(3)
C2—C1—C6—C7	179.9 (2)	C12—N1—C13—C14	128.9 (3)
C10—C1—C6—C5	-179.5(3)	C18—C13—C14—C15	-0.6(3)
C2—C1—C6—C5	0.4 (4)	N1—C13—C14—C15	179.7 (2)
C5—C6—C7—C8	178.9 (3)	C18—C13—C14—Br1	178.87 (17)
C1—C6—C7—C8	-0.5(4)	N1—C13—C14—Br1	-0.8(3)
C6—C7—C8—C9	0.0 (4)	C13—C14—C15—C16	1.7 (3)
C7—C8—C9—C10	1.1 (4)	Br1—C14—C15—C16	-177.77 (17)
C8—C9—C10—C1	-1.7(4)	C14—C15—C16—C17	-1.5(3)
C8—C9—C10—C11	177.0 (2)	C15—C16—C17—C18	0.2 (4)
C2—C1—C10—C9	-178.8 (2)	C16—C17—C18—C13	0.9 (4)
C6—C1—C10—C9	1.2 (4)	C14—C13—C18—C17	-0.7(3)
C2—C1—C10—C11	2.5 (4)	N1—C13—C18—C17	179.0 (2)

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>	<i>D</i> —H	H <i>A</i>	D··· A	<i>D</i> —H··· <i>A</i>
N1—H1 <i>N</i> 1····O1 ⁱ	0.86(3)	2.03 (3)	2.855 (3)	163 (2)
C11—H11 <i>A</i> ···O1 ⁱ	0.99	2.55	3.279 (3)	130

Symmetry code: (i) x-1, y, z.

Acta Cryst. (2012). E68, o2657 Sup-6